Outline of Financial Results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2020

May 15, 2020



Summary of Financial Results

	Year ended Mar-20	Year on Year	
Net income	¥ 150.6bn	+ 25.1 %	> Net income was ¥ 150.6billion (a 25.1% increase year on year).
	(Individual Insurance)		 Annualized premiums from new policies for individual insurance were
Annualized	¥ 146.9bn	(58.2) %	¥ 146.9billion, a 58.2% decrease year on year.
premiums from	(Medical Care)	,	Annualized premiums from new policies for medical care were ¥ 22.1billion, a 64.1% decrease year on year.
New policies	¥ 22.1bn	(64.1) %	New policy sales results for the current period were influenced by refraining
	(In dividual Incomes)		from proactive sales proposal from mid-July 2019 and business suspension from January 2020.
Annualized	(Individual Insurance)	(7.7) 0/	
premiums	¥ 4,318.6bn (Medical Care)	(7.7) %	Annualized premiums from policies in force for individual insurance were \$4,318.6billion, a 7.7% decrease from the end of the previous fiscal year.
from Policies in Force	¥ 715.5bn	(5.0) %	> Annualized premiums from policies in force for medical care were
1 0110100 111 1 01 00	1 1 1010011	(6.6) 76	¥ 715.5billion, a 5.0% decrease from the end of the previous fiscal year.
Return seeking assets	¥ 9,938.6bn	(2.7) %	 Amounts of return seeking assets (foreign securities etc.) were ¥ 9,938.6billion, a 2.7% decrease from the end of the previous fiscal year. The ratio of return seeking assets to total assets was 13.9%.
Solvency Margin Ratio	1,070.9 %	(118.9) points	> The solvency margin ratio was 1,070.9%, a 118.9 points decrease from the end of the previous fiscal year.
	Year ended Mar-20	Year ended Mar-19	
Dividend per share	¥ 76	¥ 72	> The ordinary dividend for the year ended March 31, 2020, is ¥ 76 per share. This includes an interim dividend of ¥38 and a year-end dividend of ¥38.

Financial Highlights

Financial Highlights

(¥bn)

	Year ended Mar-19	Year ended Mar-20	Year on year
Ordinary income	7,916.6	7,211.4	(8.9) %
Ordinary profit	264.8	286.6	+ 8.2 %
Net income ¹	120.4	150.6	+ 25.1 %
Net income per share	¥ 200.86	¥ 267.40	+ ¥ 66.54

(¥bn)

			(+611)
	Mar-19	Mar-20	Change
Total assets	73,905.0	71,664.7	(3.0) %
Net assets	2,135.1	1,928.3	(9.7) %
Total shareholders' equity	1,675.1	1,661.2	(0.8) %

^{1.} Net income attributable to Japan Post Insurance.

Comparison with Forecasts

Year ended Mar-20 (Revised forecasts)	Achievement
7,180.0	100.4 %
270.0	106.1 %
134.0	112.5 %
¥ 237.79	112.5 %



Financial Results for the Year Ended March 31, 2020 (Year on Year)

Statement of Income

(¥bn)

					_
		Year ended Mar-19	Year ended Mar-20	Change	
Orc	linary income	7,916.6	7,211.4	(705.2)	
	Insurance premiums and others	3,959.9	3,245.5	(714.3)	
	Investment income	1,204.4	1,137.7	(66.6)	}
	Reversal of policy reserves	2,716.7	2,767.3	50.6	
Orc	linary expenses	7,651.7	6,924.8	(726.9)	
	Insurance claims and others	6,868.8	6,191.3	(677.5)	_
	Investment expenses	146.0	124.0	(22.0)	
	Operating expenses etc1	636.8	609.4	(27.4)	
Orc	linary profit	264.8	286.6	21.7	-
Ext	raordinary gains and losses	17.5	39.2	21.7	
	vision for reserve for cyholder dividends	111.8	109.2	(2.5)	
Income before income taxes		170.6	216.6	46.0	
Tot	al income taxes	50.1	65.9	15.7	
	income attributable to Japan st Insurance	120.4	150.6	30.2	

[Main Factors for Changes in the Line Items]

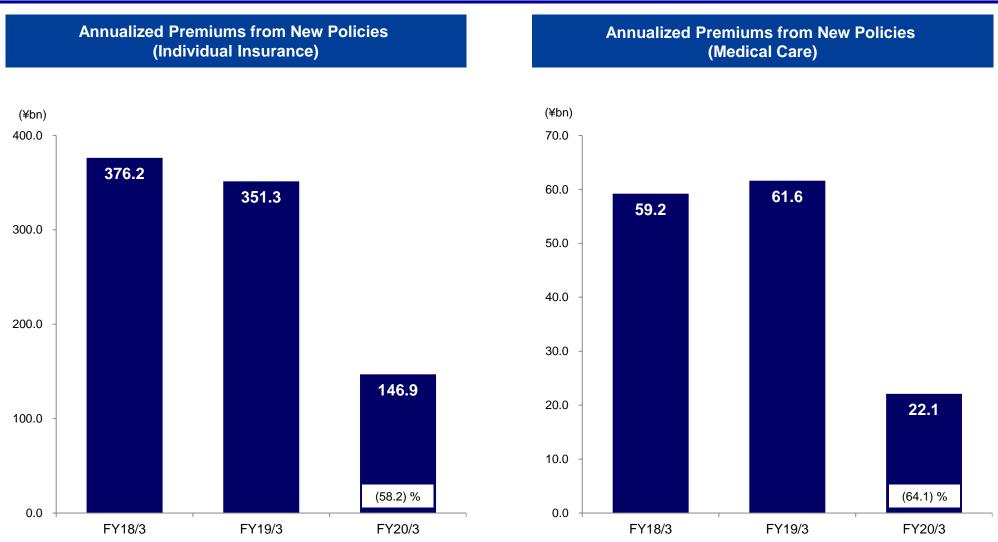
- Decrease in policies in the premium payment period (policies in force).
- Decrease in new policy sales by refraining from proactive sales proposal from mid-July 2019 and business suspension from January 2020.
- Decrease in interest, dividends and other income due to decrease in total amount of assets.
- Decrease in gains on money held in trust.
- Decrease in matured endowment payments.
- Decrease as a result of decreased new policy sales.
- Increase due to the decrease in operating expenses, etc. as a result of decreased new policy sales, and positive spread in investments.
- Reversal of price fluctuations reserve corresponding to capital losses.
- Net income increased by ¥ 30.2billion year on year due to the decrease in operating expenses, etc. as a result of decreased new policy sales, and positive spread in investments.

Note: Only major line items are shown.

^{1.} Sum of operating expenses and other ordinary expenses



Policy Sales (1) Annualized Premiums from New Policies



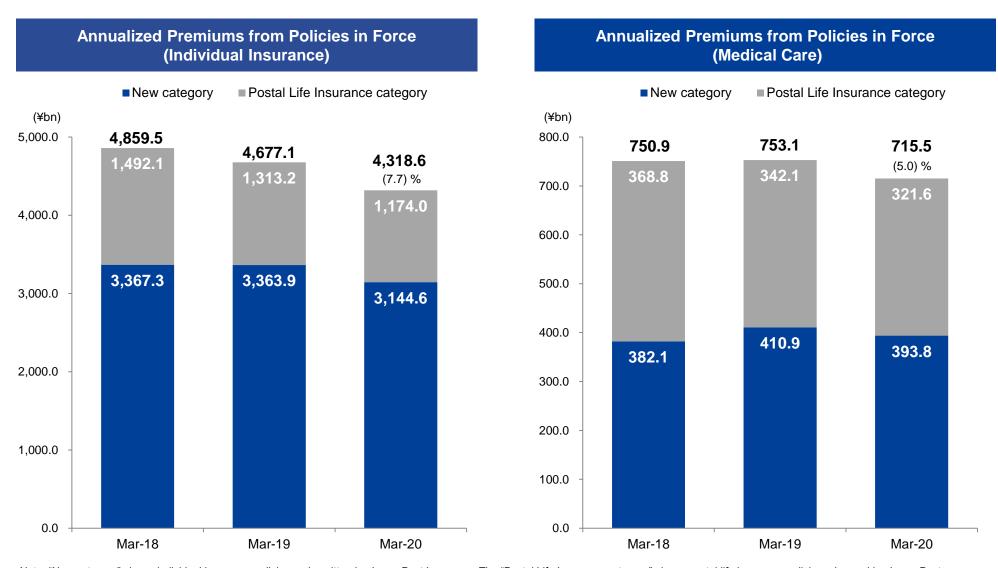
Note1: Annualized premiums are calculated by multiplying the amount of a single premium installment payment by a multiplier determined according to the relevant payment method to arrive at a single annualized amount. (For lump-sum payments, annualized premiums are calculated by dividing the total premium by the insured period.) Medical care corresponds to medical and living benefits, etc.

Annualized premiums (individual insurance) include the premiums for medical care related to individual insurance.

Note2: The figures for the year ended March 31, 2020 include the influence by refraining from proactive sales proposal from mid-July 2019 and business suspension from January 2020.



Policy Sales (2) Annualized Premiums from Policies in Force

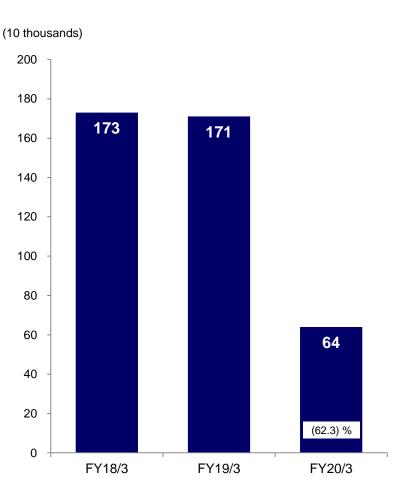


Note: "New category" shows individual insurance policies underwritten by Japan Post Insurance. The "Postal Life Insurance category" shows postal life insurance policies reinsured by Japan Post Insurance from the Postal Management and Support Organization.



Policy Sales (3) Number of New Policies

Number of New Policies (Individual Insurance)



Note: The figures for the year ended March 31, 2020 include the influence by refraining from proactive sales proposal from mid-July 2019 and business suspension from January 2020.

Breakdown of New Policies

(10 thousands)

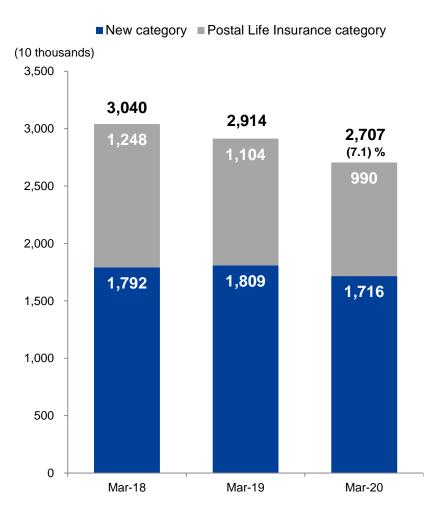
	(10 thousands)					
			Year ended Mar-19		Year ended Mar-20	
			Number of policies	Share	Number of policies	Share
Individual insurance		171	100.0 %	64	100.0 %	
	End	dowment insurance	84	49.2 %	34	53.5 %
		Ordinary endowment insurance	44	26.1 %	18	29.4 %
		Ordinary endowment insurance (with a relaxed underwriting criteria)	-	-	3	5.3 %
		Special endowment insurance ¹	39	23.0 %	12	18.8 %
	Whole life insurance		73	43.2 %	25	39.3 %
		Ordinary whole life insurance (Fixed amount type)	23	13.5 %	6	9.4 %
		Ordinary whole life insurance (with a relaxed underwriting criteria)	-	-	6	10.0 %
		Ordinary whole life insurance (Increased amount type)	40	23.7 %	10	16.0 %
		Special whole life insurance	10	6.0 %	2	3.9 %
	Educational endowment insurance		12	7.5 %	4	7.2 %
	Oth	er insurance	0	0.2 %	0	0.1 %
Noto:	ote: Only major products are shown.					

Note: Only major products are shown.

^{1.} Increased amount type endowment insurance

Policy Sales (4) Number of Policies in Force

Number of Policies in Force (Individual Insurance)



Note: "New category" shows individual insurance policies underwritten by Japan Post Insurance. "Postal Life Insurance category" shows postal life insurance policies reinsured by Japan Post Insurance from the Postal Management and Support Organization

Breakdown of Policies in Force

(10 thousands)

	(10 thousands)					
			Mar	-19	Mar-20	
			Number of policies	Share	Number of policies	Share
Individual insurance		2,914	100.0 %	2,707	100.0 %	
	End	dowment insurance	1,165	40.0 %	1,041	38.5 %
		Ordinary endowment insurance	745	25.6 %	668	24.7 %
		Ordinary endowment insurance (with a relaxed underwriting criteria)	-	-	3	0.1 %
		Special endowment insurance ¹	410	14.1 %	363	13.4 %
	Whole life insurance		1,301	44.6 %	1,259	46.5 %
	Ordinary whole life insurance (Fixed amount type)		412	14.1 %	393	14.5 %
		Ordinary whole life insurance (with a relaxed underwriting criteria)	-	-	5	0.2 %
		Ordinary whole life insurance (Increased amount type)	281	9.7 %	273	10.1 %
		Special whole life insurance	606	20.8 %	585	21.6 %
Educational endowment insurance		434	14.9 %	393	14.5 %	
	Oth	er insurance	13	0.5 %	13	0.5 %
NILLA	ote: Only major products are shown					

Note: Only major products are shown.



^{1.} Increased amount type endowment insurance

Investments (1) Asset Portfolio

Asset Portfolio

(¥bn)

	(+511)					
		Mar	-19	Mar-20		
		Amount	Share	Amount	Share	
	Bonds	50,960.1	69.0 %	48,830.6	68.1 %	
	Japanese government bonds	38,041.4	51.5 %	36,730.7	51.3 %	
	Japanese local government bonds	7,515.9	10.2 %	6,728.7	9.4 %	
	Japanese corporate bonds	5,402.7	7.3 %	5,371.1	7.5 %	
	Return seeking assets ¹	10,217.7	13.8 %	9,938.6	13.9 %	
	Domestic stocks ²	1,756.0	2.4 %	1,765.1	2.5 %	
	Foreign stocks ²	345.5	0.5 %	323.5	0.5 %	
	Foreign bonds ²	6,708.7	9.1 %	6,445.1	9.0 %	
	Other ³	1,407.3	1.9 %	1,404.8	2.0 %	
	Loans	6,786.0	9.2 %	5,662.7	7.9 %	
	Others	5,940.9	8.0 %	7,232.7	10.1 %	
	Cash and deposits, call loans	1,067.7	1.4 %	1,790.2	2.5 %	
	Receivables under securities borrowing transactions	2,792.2	3.8 %	3,191.7	4.5 %	
Tota	al assets	73,905.0	100.0 %	71,664.7	100.0 %	

Spread and Investment Yield

	Year ended Mar-19	Year ended Mar-20	
Positive spread	58.4	80.4	
Average assumed rates of return ¹	1.70 %	1.69 %	
Investment return on core profit ²	1.79 %	1.82 %	

Net capital gains (losses)	(83.7)	(102.4)
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	Mar-19	Mar-20
Interest rate (10Y JGB)	(0.095) %	0.005 %
USD/JPY	¥ 110.99	¥ 108.83

- Average assumed rates of return are the assumed return on general account policy reserves.
- 2. Investment return on core profit is the return with respect to earned policy reserves.
- 1. Return seeking assets include domestic and foreign stocks, foreign-currency-denominated bonds, investment trusts, etc. held for investment purposes among the assets recorded under "money held in trust" and "securities" on the balance sheet.
- 2. "Domestic stocks," "Foreign stocks" and "Foreign bonds" include individual stocks and bonds, as well as investment trusts that invest only in the specified assets.
- 3. "Bank loans," "multi-asset" and "real estate fund" etc.



Investments (2) Fair Value Information of Securities

Fair Value Information of Securities

(¥bn)

	May 40					(+511)	
			Mar-19			Mar-20	
		Book value	Fair value	Net unrealized gains (losses)	Book value	Fair value	Net unrealized gains (losses)
Tota	al	61,196.0	69,706.0	8,509.9	59,084.1	66,675.8	7,591.6
Hel	d-to-maturity bonds	36,391.2	43,113.4	6,722.1	35,735.7	41,953.3	6,217.6
Poli bon	cy-reserve-matching ds	10,570.0	11,724.3	1,154.3	9,574.6	10,578.5	1,003.8
	ilable-for-sale urities	14,234.7	14,868.1	633.4	13,773.7	14,143.9	370.1
	Securities etc.	12,000.3	12,240.9	240.6	11,102.5	11,399.6	297.0
	Bonds	4,197.3	4,265.4	68.0	3,700.4	3,742.1	41.7
	Domestic stocks	211.7	200.8	(10.8)	322.0	281.2	(40.8)
	Foreign securities	5,006.6	5,186.9	180.2	4,221.6	4,589.3	367.6
	Other securities	1,826.8	1,827.7	0.9	2,006.8	1,933.2	(73.5)
	Deposits etc.	757.7	759.9	2.1	851.5	853.5	2.0
	Money held in trust	2,234.3	2,627.2	392.8	2,671.2	2,744.3	73.0
	Domestic stocks ¹	1,263.8	1,555.2	291.3	1,387.9	1,483.9	95.9
	Foreign stocks ¹	269.6	345.5	75.8	297.2	323.5	26.2
	Foreign bonds ¹	528.0	550.3	22.2	736.0	698.4	(37.5)
	Other ²	172.7	176.1	3.4	250.0	238.3	(11.6)

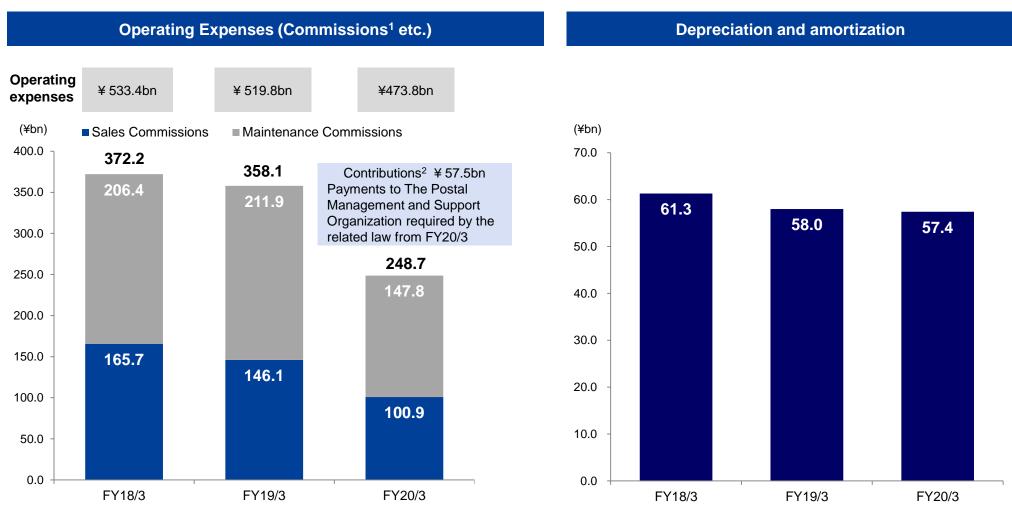
Note: This table only shows securities with a fair value. It also includes the handling of securities under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act.

^{2. &}quot;Cash and deposits" and "bank loans" etc.



^{1. &}quot;Domestic stocks," "foreign stocks" and "foreign bonds" include individual stocks and bonds, as well as investment trusts investing only in the respective assets.

Expenses



Note: The sales commissions of ¥ 100.9billion for new policies for FY20/3 were ¥ 15.0billion for those acquired in the current fiscal year (a decrease of ¥ 30.4billion year on year) and ¥ 85.8billion for those acquired in prior years (a decrease of ¥ 14.7billion year on year).

The maintenance commissions of ¥ 147.8billion were basic commissions of ¥ 116.1billion (a decrease of ¥ 55.3billion year on year) and incentive commissions of ¥ 31.7billion (a decrease of ¥ 8.7billion year on year).

- 1. Commissions paid to Japan Post Co.
- 2. Contributions paid to The Postal Management and Support Organization based on the related law.



Financial Soundness

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Solvency Margin Ratio

(¥bn)

(¥hn)

		Mar-19 Mar-20		Provisions in the period
(Contingency reserve	1,962.7	1,797.3	(165.3)
	Postal Life Insurance category	1,491.4	1,320.6	(170.8)
	New category	471.2	476.6	5.4
ı	Price fluctuations reserve	897.4	858.3	(39.1)
	Postal Life Insurance category	661.8	631.9	(29.8)
	New category	235.6	226.3	(9.3)
,	Additional policy reserve	5,880.1	5,830.3	(49.7)
	Postal Life Insurance ¹ Category	5,866.6	5,820.2	(46.3)

13.4

		(+ 011)
	Mar-19	Mar-20
Solvency Margin Ratio	1,189.8 %	1,070.9 %
Total amount of solvency margin	5,647.8	5,161.6
Total amount of risk	949.3	963.8

Real net assets	13,535.7	12,350.9
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Note: "Postal Life Insurance category" shows the amounts generated from the postal life insurance policies, and "New category" shows the figures after deduction of "Postal Life Insurance category" from the total.

(3.3)

10.0

New category²

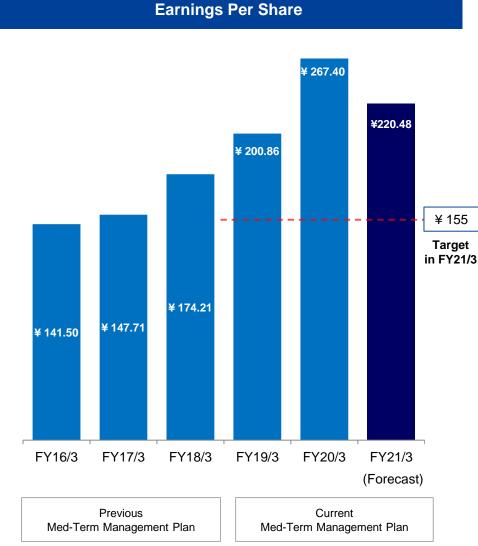
^{1.} Including the amount determined to be additionally provided over 10 years from the year ended March 31, 2011 for annuity in the postal life insurance policies (for the year ended March 31, 2020, the amount of additional provision was ¥ 176.7bn and the accumulated amount was ¥ 1,747.9bn).

^{2.} The amount accumulated in the year ended March 31, 2018 for single-payment annuity policies among the individual annuities underwritten by Japan Post Insurance.

The Forecasts for Full-year Financial Results for the Year Ending March 31, 2021

Full-year Financial Results Forecast 1

	Year ended Mar-20 (Actual)	Year ending Mar-21 (Forecasts)
Ordinary income	7,211.4	6,850.0
Ordinary profit	286.6	200.0
Net income ²	150.6	124.0
Net income per share	¥ 267.40	¥ 220.48



^{1.} With respect to the negative impact of the spread of COVID-19, the Company is considering a decrease in investment income and an increase in investment expenses, in view of the global economic downturn, in addition to the "Special Handling Associated with the Spread of the Impact of COVID-19" (reduction or exemption of interest rates on ordinary policyholder loans, etc.) dated March 19, 2020 and the "Handling of Double Indemnity of Insurance Claims Associated with the Spread of the Impact of COVID-19" dated April 15, 2020, as announced on the Company website. Going forward, the Company will promptly make announcements when new disclosures become necessary.

^{2.} Net income attributable to Japan Post Insurance

Shareholder Return

Shareholder Return Policy

- We recognize that the distribution of profit to shareholders is an important policy of management
- Aim for a steady dividends per share while considering earning prospects and financial soundness

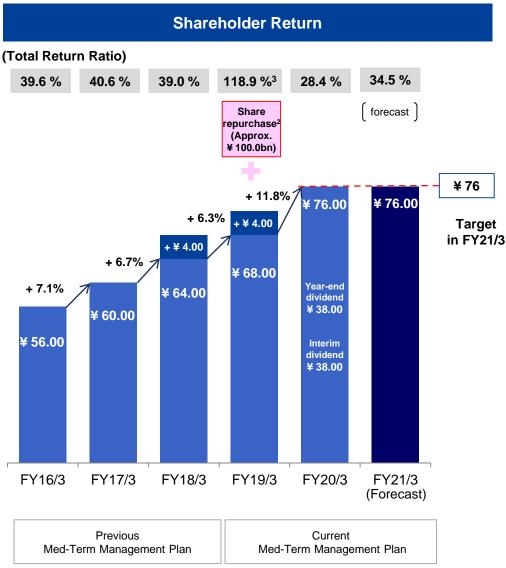
Shareholder Return for the Year Ended March 31, 2020

- Increase the ordinary dividend by ¥ 8 per share to ¥ 76
- Pay dividends from surplus twice a year; an interim and a year-end dividends
- Canceled treasury stock (37.4 million shares)

Shareholder Return for the Year Ending March 31, 2021¹

- The ordinary dividend per share is ¥ 76 (Forecast)
- Only the year-end dividend is scheduled to be paid, as it is necessary to carefully identify the impact of the spread of COVID-19

Going forward, we will promptly make announcements when new disclosures become necessary due to the impact of the spread of COVID-19 and other developments.



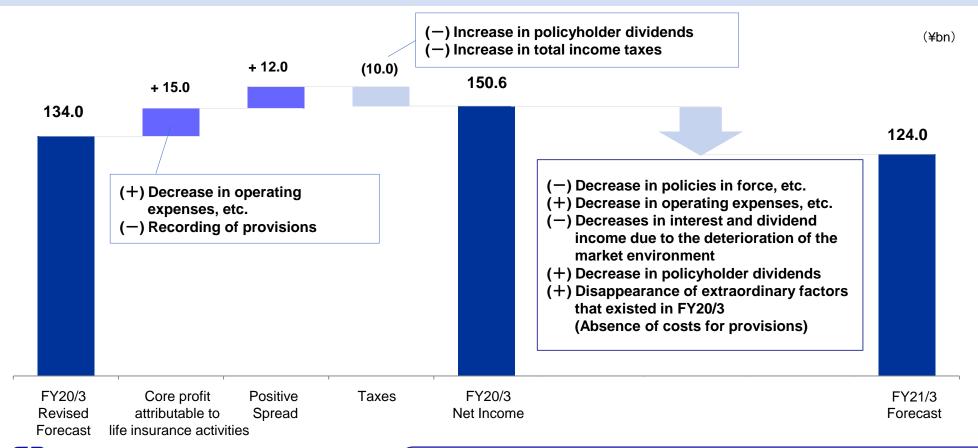
- 2. Share repurchase on April 2019
- 3. Total return ratio including share repurchase as mentioned in Note 2





Factors for changes between Financial Results in FY20/3 and Financial Forecast in FY21/3

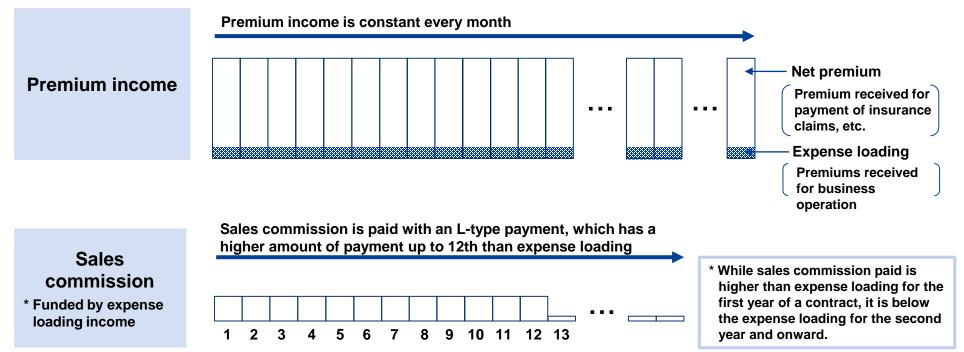
- Comparing the financial results for the current fiscal year with the revised forecasts announced on November 14, 2019, although the provisions associated with additional investigations became a factor for decrease in core profit attributable to life insurance activities, net income exceeded expectations, due to factors including a decrease in operating expenses, etc. mainly resulting from decrease in new policy sales and an increase in positive spread due to the favorable market environment until around February 2020
- The financial results forecast for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2021 decrease from the current fiscal year due to a decrease in the number of policies in force, a decrease in interest and dividend income and other factors.



Impact on Profit Due to Decline in New Policy Sales

- Of the premiums received from customers, Japan Post Insurance receives a fixed amount of expense loading every month in order to operate its business. Using this expense loading as funds, Japan Post Insurance pays sales commissions monthly to Japan Post Co. However, the payment method is an L-type payment, which has a higher amount of payment up to the 12th than expense loading, and therefore profit for the first year of Japan Post Insurance worsen as the number of new policies increase.
- One of the factors for the increase in Japan Post Insurance's profit for the FY20/3 was a decrease in operating expenses, etc. resulting from a significant decrease in new policy sales. However, this effect only for a short term, and from a medium- to long-term perspective, the decrease in new policies will have a negative impact on profit of Japan Post Insurance.

<Model of receipt of premiums and payment of sales commissions (model for one contract)>



Commissions

Sales Commissions

- Commissions are calculated based on a formula generally used in the life insurance industry, which is mainly linked to new policy sales results.
- Commissions are paid in installments over several years, and they include those paid for policies in force acquired in the period between 84 months earlier and 13 months earlier.

Comparison of FY19/3 and FY20/3

Commission for new policies acquired in the fiscal year (¥45.5bn⇒¥15.0bn)

- In FY20/3, commissions for new policies acquired in the fiscal year decreased significantly because we refrained from proactive sales proposal from mid-July 2019 and suspended business from January 2020.
- Since the commissions paid for policies in the first 12 months¹ carry greater weight, the decrease in new policies in FY20/3 will also influence the commissions in FY21/3.

Commission for new policies acquired in the period between 84 months earlier and 13 months earlier (¥100.6bn⇒¥85.8bn)

- While the commissions are paid in installments over seven years in principle, commissions are on a decreasing trend due to the decrease in the number of new policies from FY18/3.
- From FY21/3, in order to focus on the continuation of policies, the payment for the first 12 months will be reduced while it will increase in the second year onward (the total amount of sales commissions will remain the same level).

Maintenance Commissions

- For services outsourced to Japan Post Co., the unit price is set based on the time spent on processing, etc. assuming that the service was properly conducted at the post office.
- Comprises commission that is proportionate to the number of policies in force, the number of post offices, and other factors (basic commission), and the commission based on results (incentive commission) to encourage the achievement of targets for maintaining policies in force and follow-up activities.

Comparison of FY19/3 and FY20/3

Basic commission (¥171.4bn⇒¥116.1bn)

 In FY20/3, basic commission declined in conjunction with the launch of the contribution system (¥57.5bn).

Incentive commission² (¥40.4bn⇒¥31.7bn)

- In FY20/3, an incentive commission had been set to focus on maintaining policies in force and to thoroughly encourage followup activities, but incentive commissions declined because we refrained from proactive sales proposal from mid-July 2019 and suspended business from January 2020.
- For FY21/3, we examined the concept and effects of incentive commissions.
 Some of them are abolished and others are integrated into the commission for the maintenance of policies in force.

Note: For FY21/3, the amount of commissions is expected to be ¥ 197.2billion (a decrease of ¥ 51.5billion year on year). The expected breakdown of the decrease is: 1) ¥ 49.1billion from the impact of a decrease in policy amount; 2) ¥ 0.7billion from the impact of reviewing sales commissions; and 3) ¥ 1.7billion from the impact of an increase in outsourced services for maintenance commissions, and reviewing of incentive commissions.



JAPAN POST INSURANCE

Overview of Financial Statements

Statement of Income

(¥bn)

			(¥bn)	
		Year ended Mar-19	Year ended Mar-20	Change
Ordi	inary income	7,916.6	7,211.4	(705.2)
	Insurance premiums and others	3,959.9	3,245.5	(714.3)
	Investment income	1,204.4	1,137.7	(66.6)
	Reversal of policy reserves	2,716.7	2,767.3	50.6
Ordi	inary expenses	7,651.7	6,924.8	(726.9)
	Insurance claims and others	6,868.8	6,191.3	(677.5)
	Investment expenses	146.0	124.0	(22.0)
	Operating expenses etc ¹	636.8	609.4	(27.4)
Ordi	inary profit	264.8	286.6	21.7
Extr	aordinary gains and losses	17.5	39.2	21.7
	vision for reserve for policyholder dends	111.8	109.2	(2.5)
Inco	me before income taxes	170.6	216.6	46.0
Tota	al income taxes	50.1	65.9	15.7
	income attributable to Japan Post trance	120.4	150.6	30.2
Core	e profit (Non-consolidated)	377.1	400.6	23.4
Core	prom (rion concondutou)] 0,,	-1 00.0	20.4

Balance Sheets

(¥bn)

				(+ DH)
		Mar-19	Mar-20	Change
Tot	al Assets	73,905.0	71,664.7	(2,240.2)
	Cash and deposits	917.7	1,410.2	492.5
	Money held in trust	2,787.5	3,056.0	268.5
	Securities	58,451.5	55,870.5	(2,581.0)
	Loans	6,786.0	5,662.7	(1,123.3)
	Fixed assets ²	261.6	245.2	(16.4)
	Deferred tax assets	1,022.0	1,173.7	151.6
Tot	al Liabilities	71,769.8	69,736.4	(2,033.4)
	Policy reserves	65,060.5	62,293.1	(2,767.3)
	Reserve for price fluctuations	897.4	858.3	(39.1)
Net	assets	2,135.1	1,928.3	(206.7)
	Total shareholders' equity	1,675.1	1,661.2	(13.8)
	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	460.0	267.0	(192.9)

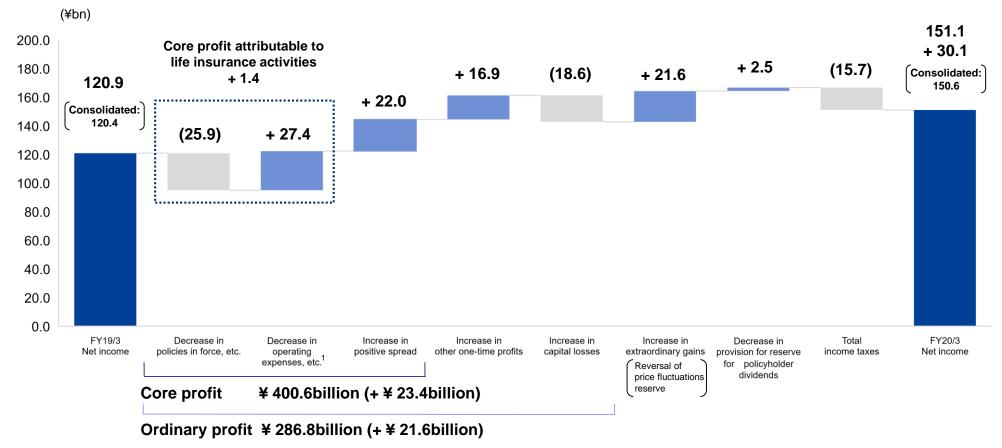
Note: Only major line items are shown.

- 1. Sum of Operating expenses and Other ordinary expenses
- 2. Sum of Tangible fixed assets and Intangible fixed assets



Factors for Year on Year Changes (Non-Consolidated)

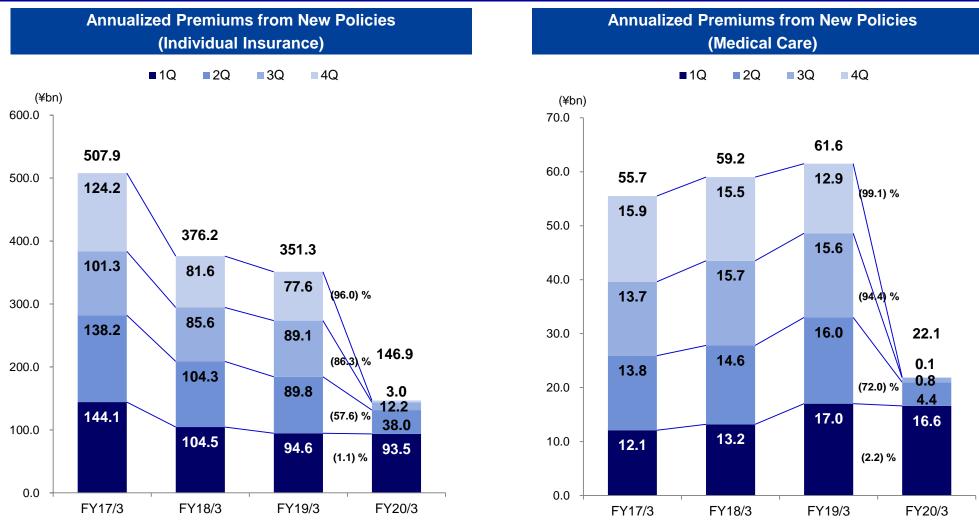
- Core profit increased from the previous fiscal year to ¥ 400.6billion thanks to a positive spread in investments in addition to core profit attributable to life insurance activities maintaining levels nearly on par as the previous fiscal year due to the decrease in operating expenses, etc., mainly as a result of the decreased new policy sales, despite the effects of the decrease in policies in force, etc.
- We continued to adopt accounting treatments to neutralize capital gains (losses) using the reserve for price fluctuations. Net income increased from the previous fiscal year to ¥ 151.1billion due to an increase in ordinary profit.



1. "Decrease in operating expenses, etc." shows the difference of figures between the year ended March 31, 2019, and the year ended March 31, 2020. This figure is calculated by adding up "Operating expenses" and "Other ordinary expenses".



Quarterly Trends in Annualized Premiums from New Policies



Note 1: Annualized premiums are calculated by multiplying the amount of a single premium installment payment by a multiplier determined according to the relevant payment method to arrive at a single annualized amount. (For lump-sum payments, annualized premiums are calculated by dividing the total premium by the insured period.) Medical care corresponds to medical and living benefits, etc. Annualized premiums (individual insurance) include the premiums for medical care related to individual insurance.

Note2: The figures for the year ended March 31, 2020 include the influence by refraining from proactive sales proposal from mid-July 2019 and business suspension from January 2020.

Note 3: New policies are recorded based on the conclusion of contracts and commencement. Due to the adoption of the system of designating the date of the commencement, etc., new policies include those applied for in the previous quarter.



Interest, Dividends and Other Income and Capital gains(losses)

Interest, Dividends and Other Income

(¥bn)

			(1811)
		Year ended Mar-19	Year ended Mar-20
nve	estment income	1,204.4	1,137.7
	Interest, dividends and other income	1,085.9	1,049.8
	Interest on deposits	0.0	0.0
	Interest and dividends on securities	941.3	924.0
	Interest on corporate and government bonds	793.6	762.0
	Domestic stock dividends	5.8	7.6
	Interest and dividends on foreign securities	131.4	129.7
	others	10.3	24.6
	Interest on loans	14.1	14.6
	Interest on loans to the Management Organization	124.0	105.8
	Rent revenue from real estate	-	-
	Interest and dividends on others	6.3	5.1

Breakdown of Capital gains(losses)

		Year ended Mar-19	Year ended Mar-20
Сар	ital gains	117.8	87.2
	Gains on money held in trust	78.9	51.5
	Gains on sales of securities	38.9	35.6
	Gains on derivative financial instruments	-	-
	Gains on foreign exchanges	-	-
	Other capital gains	-	-
Capital losses		(201.6)	(189.6)
	Losses on money held in trust	-	-
	Losses on sales of securities	(62.2)	(32.0)
	Losses on valuation of securities	-	(2.6)
	Losses on derivative financial instruments	(73.3)	(74.7)
	Losses on foreign exchanges	(1.1)	(2.0)
	Other capital losses ¹	(64.8)	(78.0)
Net	Capital gains(losses)	(83.7)	(102.4)
1 Δι	mount equivalent to income gains associated wit	h money held in trust is	recognized as

^{1.} Amount equivalent to income gains associated with money held in trust is recognized as "other capital losses".



New and Postal Life Insurance Category in the Statement of Income (Non-consolidated)

New and Postal Life Insurance Category in the Statement of Income (Non-consolidated)

(¥bn)

	FY1	6/3	FY1	7/3	FY1	8/3	FY19/3)/3 FY20/3	20/3
	New	Postal Life	New	Postal Life	New	Postal Life	New	Postal Life	New	Postal Life
Ordinary income ¹	4,431.7	8,039.6	4,464.2	6,889.2	3,938.8	5,489.2	3,814.7	4,374.4	3,582.6	3,658.6
Insurance premiums and others	4,091.5	1,322.3	4,039.0	1,002.8	3,481.2	755.2	3,369.5	590.3	2,786.3	459.1
Investment income ¹	337.6	1,017.3	422.8	945.0	454.6	830.3	440.1	764.3	441.2	696.5
Other ordinary income ¹	2.5	5,700.0	2.3	4,941.3	3.0	3,903.7	4.9	3,019.8	354.9	2,503.0
Ordinary expenses ¹	4,276.8	7,781.6	4,370.1	6,704.0	3,767.1	5,352.2	3,663.5	4,260.4	3,388.2	3,566.1
Insurance claims and others	1,031.6	7,518.7	1,136.5	6,413.7	1,765.6	5,124.3	2,837.9	4,030.9	2,842.0	3,349.3
Provision for policy reserves and others ¹	2,865.7	-	2,694.0	-	1,474.7	-	272.5	-	29.9	-
Investment expenses ¹	3.8	5.8	103.8	56.5	78.5	27.9	99.1	46.8	85.7	38.2
Operating expenses	318.0	219.0	366.5	193.6	372.8	159.9	376.2	142.1	336.3	135.8
Other ordinary expenses	57.4	37.9	69.0	40.0	75.2	39.8	77.7	40.4	94.2	42.7
Ordinary profit	154.9	258.0	94.0	185.2	171.7	137.0	151.1	113.9	194.3	92.4
Extraordinary gains and losses ²	(62.4)	(8.9)	5.7	(12.6)	(27.2)	(17.0)	13.8	3.6	9.3	29.8
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends	7.5	170.4	15.6	137.0	21.6	96.1	19.6	92.1	15.4	93.7
Income before income taxes	84.9	78.6	84.2	35.5	122.9	23.8	145.3	25.5	188.2	28.5
Total income taxes	31.4	45.7	21.7	9.5	35.4	6.9	41.1	8.7	54.9	10.7
Net income	53.4	32.8	62.4	26.0	87.4	16.8	104.1	16.7	133.3	17.8

Note: "Postal Life Insurance category" shows the amounts generated from the Postal Life Insurance policies, and "New category" shows the figure after deduction of "Postal Life Insurance category" from the total.

⁽E.g.: FY20/3, ¥ 29.9billion was added to "Reversal of reserve for outstanding claims," under "Other ordinary income," and to "Provision for policy reserves and others," under "Ordinary expenses")
2. "Extraordinary gains and losses" includes "Price fluctuations reserve, provision" and "Price fluctuations reserve, reversal."



^{1.} Adjusted if the resulting number for the new category is negative when the Postal Life Insurance category is subtracted from Japan Post Insurance as a whole.

Figures by New and Postal Life Insurance Categories (Non-Consolidated)

		FY16/3	FY17/3	FY18/3	FY19/3	FY20/3
Total assets Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	81,543,623 55,832,787 25,710,836	80,336,414 51,447,550 28,888,864	76,832,508 46,684,937 30,147,570	73,904,576 41,354,076 32,550,500	71,667,398 39,225,493 32,441,904
Number of policies in force Postal Life Insurance category (insurance) New category (individual insurance)	(000)	32,323 16,972 15,350	31,562 14,411 17,150	30,405 12,484 17,921	29,143 11,048 18,095	27,070 9,907 17,163
Insurance premiums and others Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	5,413,862 1,322,308 4,091,554	5,041,868 1,002,816 4,039,051	4,236,461 755,221 3,481,240	3,959,928 590,340 3,369,588	3,245,541 459,151 2,786,389
Ordinary profit Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	413,023 258,059 154,963	279,347 185,250 94,097	308,845 137,074 171,771	265,143 113,981 151,162	286,829 92,490 194,338
Net income Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	86,338 32,850 53,487	88,520 26,044 62,475	104,309 16,878 87,430	120,958 16,763 104,195	151,132 17,806 133,325
Contingency reserve (reversal) provision Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	(123,864) (171,199) 47,335	(120,819) (172,881) 52,061	(139,678) (173,722) 34,043	(151,592) (173,590) 21,997	(165,388) (170,814) 5,425
Price fluctuations reserve (reversal) provision Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	70,100 8,957 61,143	6,444 12,625 (6,181)	128,031 17,090 110,940	(19,251) (3,686) (15,564)	(39,152) (29,845) (9,306)
Additional policy reserve (reversal) provision Postal Life Insurance category New category	¥mn	(55,533) (55,533) -	(50,454) (50,454)	(30,648) (47,674) 17,025	(50,292) (46,698) (3,594)	(49,750) (46,396) (3,354)

Note: "Postal Life Insurance category" shows the amounts generated from the Postal Life Insurance policies, and "New category" shows the figure after deduction of "Postal Life Insurance category" from the total.



Key Financial Indicators

	FY16/3	FY17/3	FY18/3	FY19/3	FY20/3
Insurance premiums and others	5,413.8	5,041.8	4,236.4	3,959.9	3,245.5
Ordinary profit	411.5	279.7	309.2	264.8	286.6
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends	178.0	152.6	117.7	111.8	109.2
Net income	84.8	88.5	104.4	120.4	150.6
Net assets	1,882.9	1,853.2	2,003.1	2,135.1	1,928.3
Total assets	81,545.1	80,336.7	76,831.2	73,905.0	71,664.7
Return on equity	4.4 %	4.7 %	5.4 %	5.8 %	7.4 %
Return on shareholders' equity	5.9 %	5.9 %	6.7 %	7.4 %	9.0 %
Dividends to shareholders	33.6	36.0	40.8	43.2	42.7
Total Return Ratio ¹	39.6 %	40.6 %	39.0 %	118.9 %	28.4%
Core profit (Non-consolidated)	464.2	390.0	386.1	377.1	400.6
Core profit attributable to life insurance activities	366.8	311.4	320.3	318.7	320.1
Spread (positive/negative spread)	97.4	78.5	65.8	58.4	80.4

^{1.} The figure for FY19/3 represents the total return ratio including share repurchase (approximately ¥ 100.0billion) in April 2019.



<Points of Attention Regarding EV>

With regard to EV as of the end of March 2020, we plan to disclose it on May 25, 2020, after obtaining third party opinions. At that time, we also plan to disclose EV as of June 30, September 30 and December 31, 2019.

<Disclaimer>

The financial results forecasts and other forward-looking statements herein are based on certain assumptions deemed reasonable by Japan Post Insurance at the time of this document's disclosure. Please note that actual results may differ materially from such forward-looking statements due to various factors including changes in the operating environment, interest rates or general economic conditions or other future events and circumstances.

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